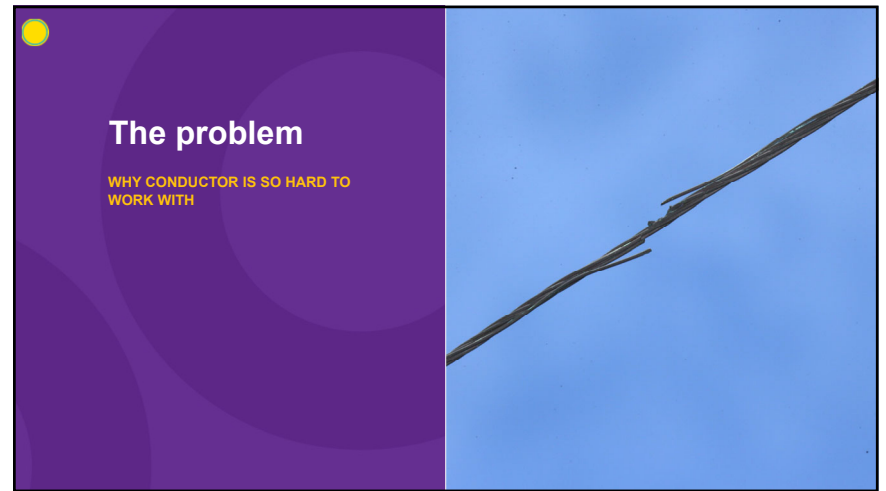




1

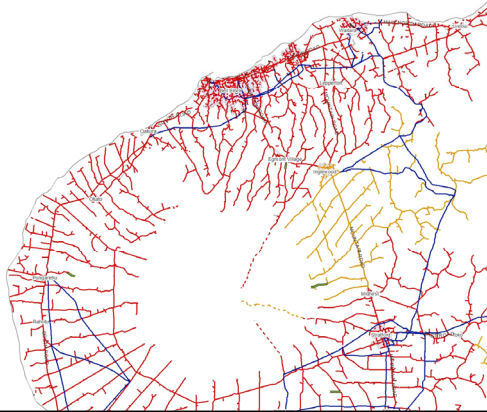


2

How we used to do things

INEFFICIENT, SLOW, PRONE TO ERRORS

- On 'known' type issue for example 16mm Cu, Namu
- On 'known' location for example ACSR within 5km's of the coast
- Conductor reported as been in poor condition
- All of one type of conductor cannot be replaced with the budget provided
- Conductor with a health score of H4 was been replaced – once samples were inspected from completed projects
- Low number of defect listed against our physically biggest asset = no knowledge base

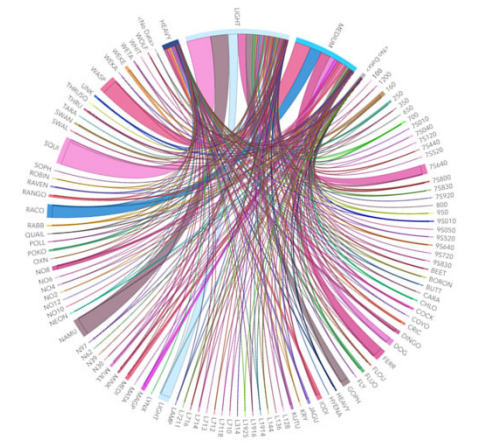


3

Challenges

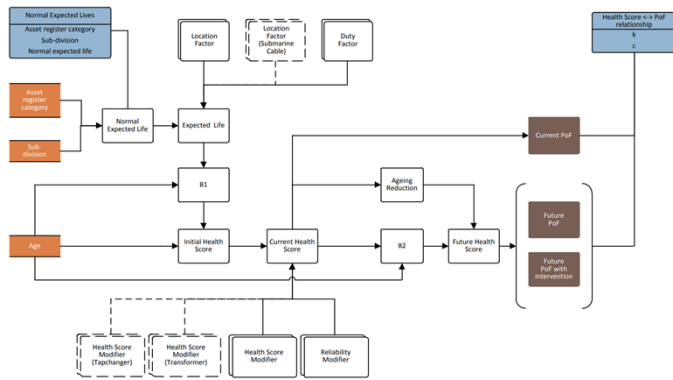
TOO MUCH DATA/INFORMATION TO MAKE SENSE OF

- Large number of different types of conductor on the footprint
- Age range from the 1940's to 2019



4

Common Network Asset Indices Methodology



5

PROCESS AND DATA

Initial health score

Location factor
 • NIWA data sources (corrosion, elevation, wind speed); aging rate & normal expected life

Current health score

Health score modifier
 (# of joints, defects, visual assessments, sample test results)
Reliability factor
 • (installation issues, grease holidays, fault currents)

Future health score

• forecasting aging rate
 • age reduction factor

6

How we built it
GOING SPATIAL...

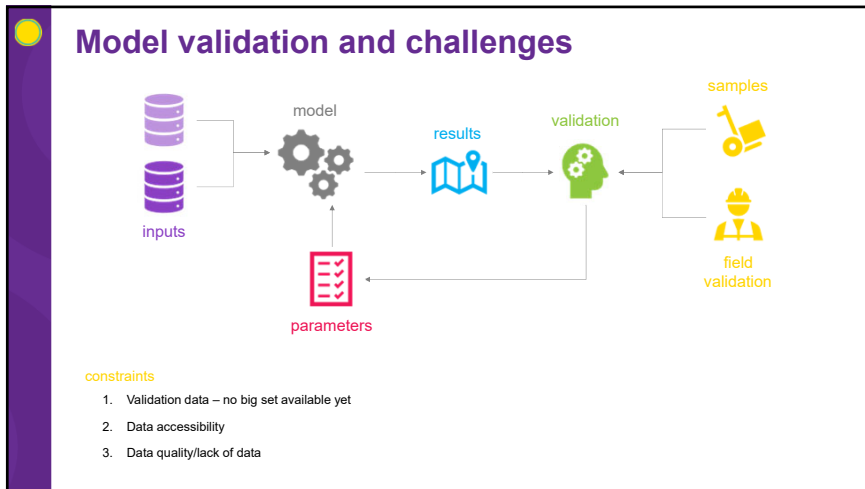
The screenshot shows a GIS application interface. On the left, there is a code editor with Python code for ArcGIS. The main area displays a map with several layers, including a red boundary, a yellow line, and a green area. A legend on the right side of the map lists various layers and their symbols.

7

Using GIS

The screenshot shows the ArcGIS Desktop software interface. The top menu bar includes options like File, Map, Insert, Analysis, View, Edit, Imagery, Data, Appearance, Labeling, and Data. The main window displays a map with a red boundary and a yellow line. A tool palette is visible on the right side, and a search bar is located at the top right.

8



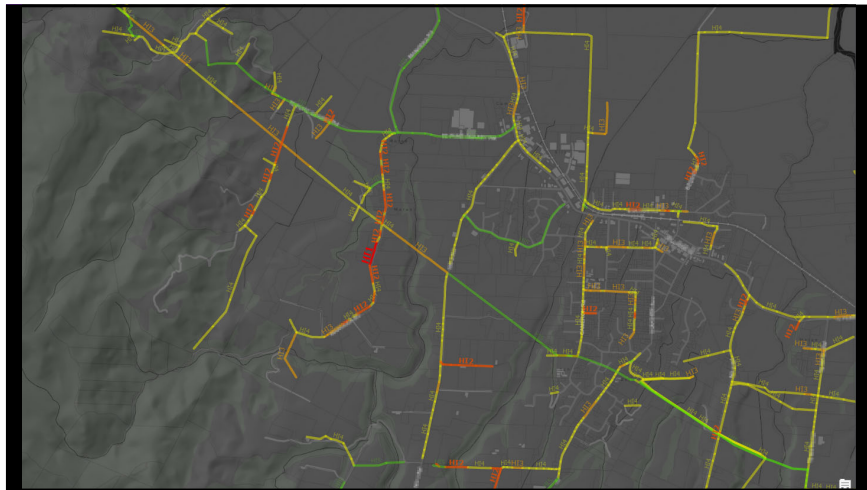
9

The results

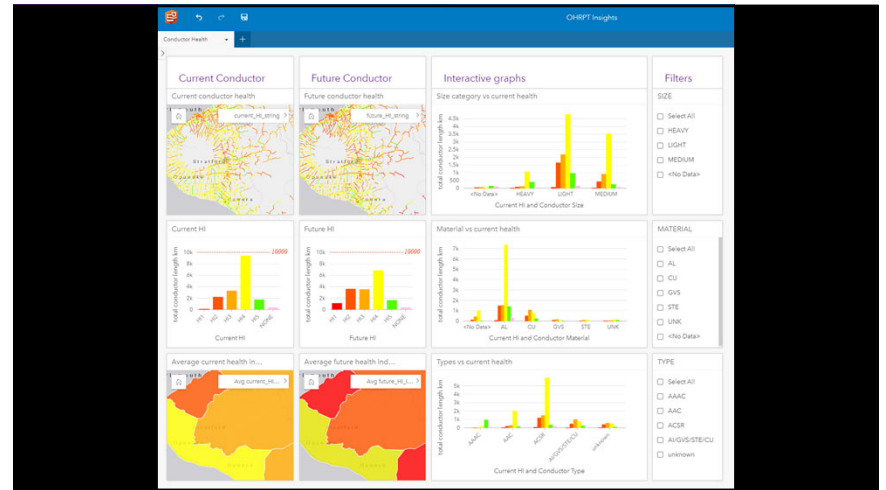
DEMO –
CONDUCTOR HEALTH SCORES

- H5 – as new
- H4 – normal in service deterioration
- H3 – end of life drivers for replacement present
- H2 – end of life, PoF is high
- H1 – replacement renewal recommended

10

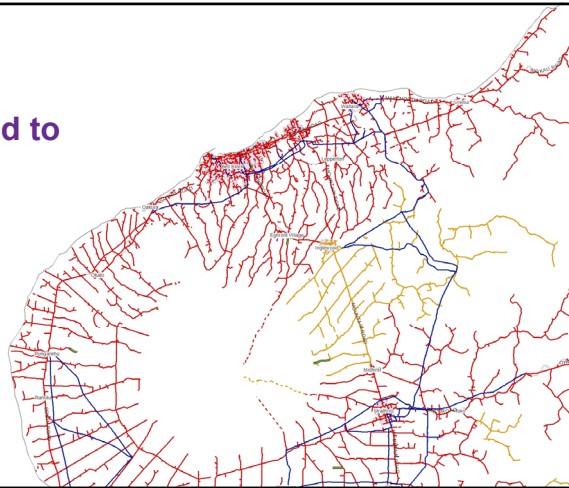


11



12

What we used to have..

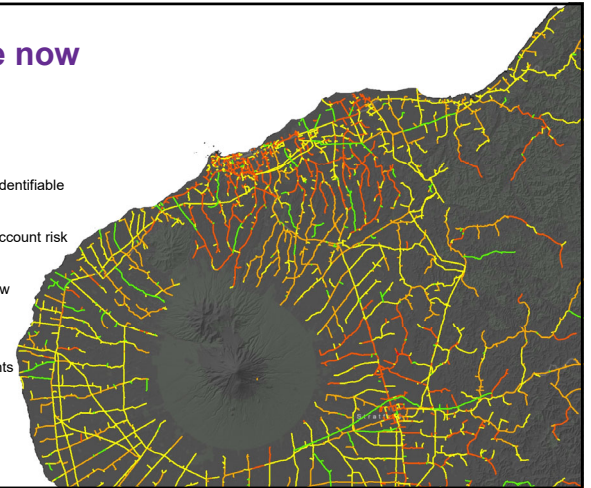


13

What we have now

BENEFITS

- Conductor health scores
- Conductor renewal projects identifiable
- Identify projects taking into account risk
- Quickly identify projects – new efficiency
- Change in engineering insights
- More plans and ideas



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